

#### SUMMARY OF PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

#### 1. NAME OF THE VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT

BOVITUBAL 28 000 solution for injection Bovine tuberculin – 28 000 IU/ml

## 2. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE COMPOSITION

Composition - 1 ml:

Active substance: Proteinum tuberculini Mycobacterii bovis (strain AN 5) - 28 000 IU,

Excipients: Phenolum

Solutio stabilisata purificata

For a full list of excipients, see section 6.1.

#### 3. PHARMACEUTICAL FORM

Injection.

#### 4. CLINICAL PARTICULARS

#### 4.1 Target species

Cattle, sheep, goats, pigs, horses, dogs.

## 4.2 Indications for use, specifying the target species

For cattle and other species of animals tuberculization.

#### 4.3 Contraindications

None.

#### 4.4 Special warnings for each target species

Tuberculization can be repeated in all kinds of animals no sooner than 42 days after preceding tuberculization.

## 4.5 Special precautions for use

*i)* Special precautions for use in animals Not applicable.

ii) Special precautions to be taken by the person administering the veterinary medicinal product to animals

Not applicable.

iii)Other precautions

Not applicable.

## 4.6 Adverse reactions (frequency and seriousness)

None known.

## 4.7 Use during pregnancy, lactation or lay

Application of the preparation has no influence on gravidity and lactation.

## 4.8 Interaction with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction

None known

#### 4.9 Amounts to be administered and administration route

Simple tuberculization – apply 0.1 ml dose regardless of the animal species.

#### Cattle tuberculization:

## Test procedure:

The place of application is situated at the border of the anterior and middle thirds of the neck. The skin must be without pathological changes, equally thick with the possibility of an easy cutaneous drape formation. The place of tuberculin administration is perfectly cut and cleaned. The cutaneous drape is formed with the thumb and the point finger and its thickness is after cutimetre measuring recorded. The dosage of 0.1 ml of tuberculin is applicated by means of a short sterile needle, bevel edge outwards, with graduated syringe charged with tuberculin, inserted obliquely into the deepest layers of the skin. The right reaction after intradermal administration - the papula formation in the place of allergen inoculation - must be detected by palpation. If the tuberculin was not administered intradermally, it is possible to repeat the administration in the same place in the prescribed dosage. If the skin is injured during cutting or if skin changes are determined before tuberculin administration, it is necessary to inoculate tuberculin on another place of the same neck side. The origin place is canceled with the hair cut.

#### Assessment:

The reaction is evaluated in 72 ( $\pm$  4) hours after tuberculin administration by adspection, skin palpation eventually by measuring of the cutaneous drape strengthening with the cutimetre. Animals without any changes detectable by adspection or palpation in the place of tuberculin inoculation are considered to be negative. In cases, where there were revealed by adspection or palpation skin swellings, the swelling thickness (reaction number) is determined from the difference between the basic skin thickness before inoculation and on evaluation.

#### Evaluation:

<u>Negative reaction:</u> If there is apparent only bordered swelling with the cutaneous drape strengthening of max. 2 mm without clinical symptoms as diffusion or large swelling, exudation, necrosis, painfulness or inflammation reaction of the corresponding lymphatic vessels or lymphatic nodes.

<u>Dubious reaction:</u> If there is apparent no clinical symptom stated in item a) but the cutaneous drape strengthening is higher than 2 mm but lower than 4 mm.

<u>Positive reaction:</u> If there are apparent clinical symptoms stated in item a) or the cutaneous drape in the place of application is thicker by 4 mm or more.

#### Sheep tuberculization:

#### Procedure:

Tuberculization is carried out after wool cutting on the dorsal side of the pinna.

#### Evaluation:

The reaction is evaluated in 48 - 72 hours after tuberculin administration. In the positive reaction there are inflammation changes apparent in the place of tuberculin inoculation; e.g. swelling eventually redness, painfulness and skin temperature rising.

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#### Goats tuberculization:

Procedure:

Tuberculization is carried out on the neck similarly to cattle.

#### Evaluation:

The reaction is evaluated in 48 - 72 hours after tuberculin administration. In the positive reaction there are inflammation changes apparent in the place of tuberculin inoculation; e.g. swelling eventually redness, painfulness and skin temperature rising.

## Pigs tuberculization:

#### Procedure:

Tuberculization is carried out on the dorsal side of the pinna. The place of administration is in the skin bend on the transition from the head to the dorsal ear part, eventually 2 - 3 cm from the base of the pinna.

#### Evaluation:

The reaction is evaluated in 48 hours after tuberculin administration. The reaction is considered to be positive, if there is the characteristic inflammative swelling in the place of injection which is often accompanied with erythema and sometimes even with the central necrosis. Skin swelling with possible necrosis is the main symptom of inflammative reaction in pigmentated pigs. In tuberculosis free breedings the positive reaction is represented by the swelling of more than 20 mm in diametre and 10 - 20 mm swelling is considered to be dubious reaction. In breedings, where tuberculosis was proved, the reaction is positive if the inflammative changes diametre is more than 10 mm and if it is less than 10 mm, the reaction is classified as dubious.

## Horses tuberculization:

## Procedure:

Tuberculin is administered on the neck.

## Evaluation:

The reaction is evaluated in 72 hours after tuberculin administration. Only negative result, e.g. where there is no inflammative reaction in the place of administration, has the diagnostic importance.

## **Dogs tuberculization:**

## Procedure:

Tuberculin is administered after hair cutting on the dorsal side of the pinna.

#### Evaluation:

The reaction is evaluated in 24 - 48 hours. Only negative result, e.g. where there is no inflammative reaction in the place of administration, has the diagnostic importance.

#### 4.10 Overdose (symptoms, emergency procedures, antidotes), if necessary

A double preparation dose has no side effects on target animals.

## 4.11 Withdrawal period

Zero days.



## 5. IMMUNOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

Pharmacotherapeutic group: Veterinaria - immunopraeparata

ATCvet code: QV04CF01

The preparation is obtained from the heat-treated product of growth and lysis of Mycobacterium bovis capable of revealing a delayed hypersensitivity in an animal sensitised to micro-organisms of the same species.

#### 6. PHARMACEUTICAL PARTICULARS

## 6.1 List of excipients

Phenolum

Solutio stabilisata purificata

## 6.2 Incompatibilities

Not applicable.

#### 6.3 Shelf life

2 years.

Shelf life after the first opening: 10 hours.

#### 6.4 Special precautions for storage

Store in a refrigerator (2  $^{\circ}$ C – 8  $^{\circ}$ C). Protect from light. Store in a dry place.

## 6.5 Nature and composition of immediate packaging

The volume of 1, 2 ml is filled into 3 ml glass vials, the volume of 5 ml is filled into 9 ml (6R) glass vials, the volume of 10 ml is filled into 10 ml glass vials and the volume of 20 ml is filled into glass vials 20 ml.

The product is delivered in the following packaging:

Cardboard box: 1×5 ml, 5×5 ml, 10×5 ml, 1×10 ml, 1×20 ml, 5×20 ml, 10×20 ml

Plastic box:  $2\times1$  ml,  $5\times1$  ml,  $10\times1$  ml,  $2\times2$  ml,  $5\times2$  ml,  $10\times2$  ml,  $20\times2$  ml,  $5\times10$  ml,

 $10 \times 10 ml$ 

Package:  $2 \times 1 \text{ ml}, 5 \times 1 \text{ ml}, 10 \times 1 \text{ ml}$ 

 $2 \times 2 \text{ ml}, 5 \times 2 \text{ ml}, 10 \times 2 \text{ ml}, 20 \times 2 \text{ ml}$ 

 $1 \times 5 \text{ ml}, 5 \times 5 \text{ ml}, 10 \times 5 \text{ ml}$   $1 \times 10 \text{ ml}, 5 \times 10 \text{ ml}, 10 \times 10 \text{ ml}$  $1 \times 20 \text{ ml}, 5 \times 20 \text{ ml}, 10 \times 20 \text{ ml}$ 

Each package is equipped with an approved Package Insert.

# 6.6 Special precautions for the disposal of unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived from the use of such products

Any unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived from such veterinary medicinal products should be disposed of in accordance with local requirements.

#### 7. MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER

#### 8. MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBER(S)



## 9. DATE OF FIRST AUTHORISATION/RENEWAL OF THE AUTHORISATION

## 10. DATE OF REVISION OF THE TEXT